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CLERK OF SUPREME COURT
OF WISCONSIN

STATE OF WISCONSIN
SUPREME COURT
No. 2020-AP-000765

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE,
Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY-DESIGNEE ANDREA PALM, JULIE WILLEMS
VAN DIJK, and NICOLE SAFAR, IN THEIR OFFICIAL
CAPACITIES AS EXECUTIVES OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT
OF HEALTH SERVICES,
Respondents.

**AMICUS BRIEF OF WISCONSIN FAITH
VOICES FOR JUSTICE**

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS	i
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	iii
STATEMENT OF INTEREST	1
ARGUMENT	3
I. THE REALITY ON THE GROUND IS THAT THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC HAS CREATED A TIME FOR “HOLY IMAGINATION” THAT WISCONSIN’S CLERGY ARE USING TO SUPPORT AND STRENGTHEN THEIR COMMUNITIES.....	4
A. Pastor Cindy Crane, Director, Lutheran Office for Public Policy in Wisconsin, <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>	4
B. Reverend Kerri Parker, Executive Director, Wisconsin Council of Churches	5
C. Reverend Dr. Marcus Allen, Pastor, Mt. Zion Baptist Church	6
D. Rt. Reverend Steven A. Miller, Bishop, Episcopal Diocese of Milwaukee.....	7
E. The Reverend Dr. Christian D. Boyd, Stated Clerk & Executive Secretary of the Presbytery of Milwaukee Corporation.....	8
F. Rabbi David Cohen, Congregation Sinai.....	9
G. Rev. Reirin Gumbel, Milwaukee Zen Center	10
H. Rev. Steve Zekoff, United Methodist Clergy	11
I. Rabbi Betsy Forester, Beth Israel Center.....	11

J.	Robin Greenler, Presiding Clerk of Madison Monthly Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends (Quakers).....	12
K.	Rev. Joseph B. Baring, Jr., Pastor/Social Action Director, ST. Paul AME Church	14
L.	Kristin Gorton, Pastor, Memorial United Church of Christ.....	14
M.	Rev. Stephen Welch, Pastor, Plymouth United Church of Christ, Milwaukee	15
N.	Katherine Griffith, Clerk, Winnebago Friends Worship Group (Quaker)	16
O.	Fr. Jay Poster, St. Joseph Catholic Church	17
II.	THE LEGISLATURE WRONGLY ASSERTS THAT THE ORDER LIMITING GATHERINGS RESULTED IN “DECREASED ACCESS TO ... RELIGIOUS SUPPORT.”.....	18
III.	THE 1918 PANDEMIC PROVIDES PRECEDENTIAL GUIDANCE ON IMPACT OF SOCIAL DISTANCING IN TIMES OF HEALTH CRISES.	19
	CONCLUSION	24
	CERTIFICATION AS TO FORM AND LENGTH	25
	CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 809.19(12)	26
	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE.....	27

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases

<i>Plautz v. Kubasta</i> , 237 Wis. 198, 295 N.W. 667 (1941)	18
<i>Podoll v. Smith</i> , 11 Wis. 2d 583, 106 N.W.2d 332 (1960)	18
<i>State v. Pulizzano</i> , 155 Wis. 2d 633, 456 N.W.2d 325 (1990)	18, 19

The Legislature has chosen to litigate rather than legislate the propriety and scope of Emergency Order 28 (“Order”). Wisconsin Faith Voices for Justice (“WVFVJ”) strongly opposes the granting of this ‘emergency’ petition for original action and the requested temporary restraining order.

As of April 27, 2020, Wisconsin has 6,081 confirmed cases of COVID-19 with 281 confirmed deaths.¹ There was a 12.5% uptick in confirmed cases over the weekend -- the curve of infection is still rising.² The consequences of coronavirus infection are horrific -- pulmonary issues, blood clots, strokes and death – including in young people once thought to be at low risk.³ In this atmosphere, the Legislature seeks to enjoin extending the Order. (Leg. Brf., p. 22)

STATEMENT OF INTEREST

There is no developed fact record on this motion for an injunction. The Legislature’s brief contains suppositions, not evidence. One such supposition is that “[t]he Order has likely increased levels of mental stress, anxiety, and depression,

¹ <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/covid-19/index.htm>

² *Id.*, showing 5,687 cases on April 25 compared to 5,052 cases on April 23.

³ <https://www.cnn.com/2020/04/22/health/strokes-coronavirus-young-adults/index.html>

which are often caused by economic hardship, social isolation, and decreased access to community and religious support.” (Leg. Brf., p. 16.)

WFVJ is a 501(c)3 charity formed in 2012 as an interfaith education and advocacy organization working for social and economic justice and interfaith understanding. Its members represent all Wisconsin faiths, from across the state.⁴ The WFVJ mission “draws on the wisdom, courage, and strength of our various faith traditions to advance the common good. United as progressive people of faith, we move people and government through education and advocacy to raise the dignity and address the needs of the hungry, poor, and marginalized, to care for the sick, and to lift up all voices.” (WFVJ-App. 8.)

The Legislature’s averment that the impact of the Order is mental stress, hardship and decreased access to community and religious support is directly countermanded by the interfaith record set forth in this *amicus* brief. The Court should consider the accompanying Appendix containing direct

⁴ Christian (Catholic, Presbyterian, Baptist, Episcopal, Evangelical, Moravian), Jewish, Muslim, Unitarian, Buddhist, Sikh, Quaker, Mennonite, Baha’i, AME, Hindu, and Pagan. (WFVJ-App. 8.)

evidence from 29 WFVJ members. These diverse religious leaders have special knowledge and direct experience dealing with the Order, and they deliver a fact record directly contrary to the Legislature's position that the Order has negatively impacted faith practices.

WFVJ provides arguments in favor of continuation of the Order and decries the Legislature's unsupported attack on the ability of Wisconsin's faith communities to survive and thrive in this time of local and global crisis.

ARGUMENT

Faith leaders in Wisconsin and around the world have risen to the challenges posed by the pandemic, including limited social interaction and Safer at Home orders like the Order challenged here. The aim of this order is to ensure the safety and health of Wisconsinites, which is a goal that aligns entirely with the teachings of many faiths by clergy across the state.

The evidence shows that faith communities adapted by following the Order, protecting and ministering to their flock, and finding meaningful new ways to religiously connect and re-connect.

I. THE REALITY ON THE GROUND IS THAT THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC HAS CREATED A TIME FOR “HOLY IMAGINATION” THAT WISCONSIN’S CLERGY ARE USING TO SUPPORT AND STRENGTHEN THEIR COMMUNITIES.

While the pandemic has caused stress and anxiety, the facts are that Wisconsin’s faith community has *increased*, not decreased, access and reach to its members under the Safer at Home order and its progeny. *See* WFVJ-App. 8-50. Excerpted below, and fully set forth in the Appendix, is evidence that changes in faith practices brought about out of necessity have *positively* (and decidedly not negatively) impacted faith communities -- through increased access to religious programming and ministry, and reaching individuals unable to safely physically attend events:⁵

A. Pastor Cindy Crane, Director, Lutheran Office for Public Policy in Wisconsin, *et al.*

The Lutheran Office for Public Policy in Wisconsin is an advocacy ministry of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America. We support the health and well-being of Wisconsinites by supporting just public policies.

...

⁵ See Appendix for complete original statements from 29 WFVJ religious leaders.

In this highly unusual time of a pandemic, we find ourselves studying and tracking Governor Evers' executive orders and information from our state and federal health care professionals who are determining when it is safe for us to return to business as usual. We supported Order #12 and now support Order #28 to extend Safer at Home.

In relation to making decisions about sheltering in place, the first question to worshipping communities should not be whether or not they are meeting the spiritual needs of their members, but if their lives and the lives of others would be at risk by attending worship in person. We happen to know that the spiritual needs of people are being tended to as best as possible online and via television, radio, and the telephone during this time. (WFVJ-App. 39-40.)

**B. Reverend Kerri Parker, Executive Director,
Wisconsin Council of Churches**

I am particularly concerned that the impact on religious followers' ability to obtain spiritual support in these times is being mischaracterized by the petitioners, and other opponents of these measures. The Wisconsin Council of Churches is a statewide network of 20 Christian traditions, as well as allied

faith-based nonprofits, committed to Christian unity, and common mission to assist our society's most vulnerable.

...

The Council of Churches has been resourcing the churches of Wisconsin for this extraordinary time. We have every intent of continuing to do so. We are confident that the faithful in Wisconsin are not being denied spiritual support despite the arrival of the Coronavirus, Safer at Home orders and other restrictions which have been imposed in order to protect life. (WVJ-App. 33-34.)

C. Reverend Dr. Marcus Allen, Pastor, Mt. Zion Baptist Church

I currently pastor the historic Mt. Zion Baptist Church in Madison, WI. Which is a predominantly African American congregation that has been established for over 109 years.

On March 14, 2020 is when I decided to close the church due to this pandemic. For seven weeks now all operations at our church have been suspended and moved online. Though this has been extremely challenging it has been helpful in saving lives. We are engaging so many more people through our online efforts. The church may have been closed but we are continuing our mission: Our food pantry remains

open; we are serving food to school age kids daily in our community and we are helping those who are in financial stress.

...

It is astonishing to me, as we look at the data suggesting that African Americans are tested less but are dying more than any other race, that people are now pleading to open the state back up. (WFVJ-App. 25.)

**D. Rt. Reverend Steven A. Miller, Bishop,
Episcopal Diocese of Milwaukee**

Many of us as children learned the nursery rhyme with the accompanying motions “This is the church, this is the steeple, open the doors and see all the people.” While helpful in entertaining small children during car trips back in the day, for Christians it falls a bit short. In my seventeen years as bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Milwaukee I have been teaching a revised version which is much more theologically correct. Doing the motions in reverse order, I say, “this is the Church, the Church is people, on Sundays some meet in a building with a steeple.”

...

In the Episcopal Diocese of Milwaukee, this time has been a time of great creativity. Clergy are leading corporate worship and study through Zoom and Facebook Live and not just on Sundays. We are working on a diocesan wide worship gathering that will be rolled out shortly. Clergy and lay leaders are also reaching out to one another on a regular basis in a number of ways including the good old fashioned method of calling one another on the telephone. (WFVJ-App. 47-48.)

E. The Reverend Dr. Christian D. Boyd, Stated Clerk & Executive Secretary of the Presbytery of Milwaukee Corporation

As an ecumenical and interfaith relating denomination, we agree with our fellow religious neighbors that the collective moratorium is a wise decision that protects both people in the community and our faith organizations. To pull back from that decision – on a case-by-case, church-by-church, temple-by-temple, mosque-by-mosque basis – puts an undue burden on faith leaders at a time when their energies are best turned elsewhere. Moreover, those most likely to attend such services are older persons who are particularly vulnerable to the effects of the virus.

...

Our Presbyterian clergy are leading corporate worship and study through Zoom, YouTube, and Facebook Live throughout the week. Faith organizations are teaming together to offer joint services. Clergy and lay leaders are also reaching out to one another regularly in several ways including the good old-fashioned method of calling one another on the telephone. Put simply, social distancing has not required spiritual distancing.

...

Worshipping in this way has not only attracted our regulars but is an easier entry point for some who, for whatever reason, are hesitant to enter our buildings. (WFVJ-App. 13.)

F. Rabbi David Cohen, Congregation Sinai

Neither physician, nor scientist, I am a congregational rabbi. As such, I want to take issue with a point made on page sixteen of the petitioner's brief, which argues that, the 'Safer at home' order has led to 'decreased access to community and religious support.'

My experience has been the opposite. Yes, we've had to find new ways to connect with, and minister to, our congregants. Yet, if numbers are any indication, we are seeing increased participation across the board in all aspects of

congregational life: Religious prayer services, online classes and discussion groups for youth and adults, pastoral ‘visits,’ as well as holiday celebrations (we ran several very popular online Passover Seders) and lifecycle events. Yes, the current situation precludes some customary rituals for funerals, but, on the whole, the quantity and quality of our interactions with congregants during these challenging, yet sacred, moments has not been diminished. By some measures, they have been enhanced. (WFVJ-App. 30.)

G. Rev. Reirin Gumbel, Milwaukee Zen Center

For the last weeks, I have offered all our programs online, and we meet every day by zoom teleconferencing for meditation, service, classes, dharma talks, board meetings and personal consultation. We held an Equinox Service in March. On April 8, we celebrated Vesak, the Annual Buddha’s Birthday, and we hold a weekly well-being service for those who are in physical or emotional distress.

...

In fact, I am reaching more people than usual, because some join in who live too far away than regularly coming in person. Those who do not have internet access at their homes, I call by phone, and I also write letters to prisoners. I have

reached and offered comfort to some who are living in anxiety about the widespread disease and deaths. (WFVJ-App.11-12.)

H. Rev. Steve Zekoff, United Methodist Clergy

Many religious groups have creatively come up with ways to keep their adherents and those they come in contact with safe while connecting with each other. On-line services and classes, drive-in style worship, and telephone/e-mail contact chains are some of the examples I have experienced in my local congregation.

...

I have been proud of the religious community's response of finding ways to communally express and experience faith in the light of current health emergency realities.

In my religious tradition being responsible as a person of faith includes not needlessly placing others in harm's way. (WFVJ-App. 28.)

I. Rabbi Betsy Forester, Beth Israel Center

I am appalled that there are those who assert [the] order decreases safe access to religious support. That is untrue. In fact, during this challenging time, my congregation is providing more support than ever to our members.

We are the only congregation in Madison affiliated with United Synagogue for Conservative Judaism. As such, some might think that our practices are less amenable to change... We are also finding viable work-arounds for Jewish holidays that involve a mixture of online programming and provision of resources for personal practice.

...

We have found that our new service delivery models offer opportunities for connection even beyond Madison, as members, friends, and relatives from all over the country, and even from other countries, join us in our online events. It is not a stretch to say that our initial duress has yielded new opportunities for engagement and religious support.

...

Public health is our top priority, consistent with Jewish values. Indeed, nothing could be more important to Jewish people than the preservation of life. (WFVJ-App. 31-32.)

J. Robin Greenler, Presiding Clerk of Madison Monthly Meeting of the Religious Society of Friends (Quakers)

The Madison Quaker Meeting has been following Ever's [sic] Safer at Home Orders by conducting all of our

religious activities including robust Sunday services by online web conferencing (Zoom).

...

While being unable to worship in person has been a loss, we have also noticed that the online format has increased accessibility for members less able to travel, as well as members or attenders who live at a distance. We have been regularly joined in worship by individuals from all over the country. Ironically the online format has increased accessibility to our worship for many individuals.

We are committed to the online format in order to protect and support the health and safety of our Quaker community and of our broader society for as long as necessary. Governor Ever's [sic] Safer at Home orders protect us all, especially the most vulnerable amongst us; this is a witness that we strongly support. Lifting the Safer at Home Orders would place many people at severe risk of sickness and death and would be an unconscionable act. The witness to protecting life and safety must come before politics, economics or convenience. (WFVJ-App. 29.)

K. Rev. Joseph B. Baring, Jr., Pastor/Social Action Director, ST. Paul AME Church

I am a Pastor of the oldest Black Church in Dane County, ST. Paul African Methodist Episcopal Church. I Pastor a congregation of at-risk senior citizens of which I am one.

The founder of our Denomination believed in ministering to the whole man, and therefore created institutions of higher learning, organized self-help groups, worked during the yellow fever pandemic, engaged in and encouraged others to participate in the betterment of all people. With that being said, I side with the African Methodist Episcopal Church, Governor Tony Evers, Public Health, and a multitude of others who believe in putting lives ahead of the economy. I understand that we have the freedom to decide, and our economy is suffering, but decisions that endanger the lives of others are foolish and dangerous. (WFOVJ-App. 18.)

L. Kristin Gorton, Pastor, Memorial United Church of Christ

During this time of many changes in our communities as we respond to the pandemic, the faith community at Memorial United Church of Christ (UCC) has been creatively using all modes of communication at our disposal: from phone

calls and texts, to letters, emails, FaceTime, Skype, Zoom, and social media. While the church building is closed and staff are working remotely, our Church is still open! The Safer at Home order has NOT restricted any of the religious functions of our church. Memorial UCC supports and will abide by the Safer at Home order issued by Governor Evers that has been extended to May 26, 2020.

Our response to the novel coronavirus has been a practice in Holy Imagination. March 22nd was the first time we gathered online to worship. We had over 200 people “present” in our digital sanctuary. On a typical in-person Sunday, the combined attendance at our 2 services is around 110. (WFOVJ-App. 16-17.)

M. Rev. Stephen Welch, Pastor, Plymouth United Church of Christ, Milwaukee

This order does NOT decrease safe access for our church family, but in truth it is increasing our congregation’s safety and connectedness. Although there are no person to person meetings at the church, we are connecting regularly with worship on Facebook and YouTube. We have Zoom meetings for our church meetings and board and committee meetings. The Confirmation class and weekly Sunday School

lessons are available online as well. The Deacons at our church have reached out to every member either by e-mail or telephone to learn if they have any needs or prayers requests or food or other help.

Many of our church members are over the age of 60. The Safer at Home order is helping to keep them safe. I join with the other religious leaders in strongly supporting the order because it is keeping our faith tradition and our church family safe. Church is not a building. It is a family. Our family is thankful for the many technologies that make it possible for us to be safe and also connected. (WFVJ-App. 20.)

N. Katherine Griffith, Clerk, Winnebago Friends Worship Group (Quaker)

I am writing on behalf of the Winnebago Worship Group (Quaker), a group of about 15 individuals which ordinarily meets in the home of one of our members for Sunday worship. We would like to assure you that we support the Safer At Home protocols.

Since the Safer At Home order, we have been meeting online via Zoom. While at first we regretted having to go to this format, we have been pleasantly surprised to find that our attendance has gone up, not down, especially during our

midweek Spiritual Nurture Group. Members who had moved away are once again joining us, those of us who have less full schedules can attend midweek meetings in far greater numbers, and in fact we have gone to an every-week schedule from our former alternate-week schedule.

While we greatly miss some aspects of meeting in person (particularly singing and breaking bread together) on the whole we can say that this time has probably served to strengthen our worship group rather than weaken it, and we have even gained new members since the shutdown started.

...

We are committed to avoiding putting our members or anyone else at physical risk. Many of us are medical professionals, family care-givers or both, and we cannot afford to take unnecessary risks. We appreciate the safety the Safer at Home order has provided for WI residents, and we support the protocols for as long as they play an important role in containing the pandemic in our state. (WFVJ-App. 19.)

O. Fr. Jay Poster, St. Joseph Catholic Church

We have been livestreaming all our Masses (nine per week) as well as funerals, memorial Masses, weddings.

We also have (almost) daily staff meetings on Zoom as well as taking part in many other diocesan and outside activities on Zoom. (WFVJ-App. 44-45.)

II. THE LEGISLATURE WRONGLY ASSERTS THAT THE ORDER LIMITING GATHERINGS RESULTED IN “DECREASED ACCESS TO ... RELIGIOUS SUPPORT.”

By suggesting, without any support, that the Safer at Home orders are causing decreased access to religious support, the Legislature’s brief creates a fictitious argument to knock down. It may be true that social distancing creates issues for individuals feeling isolated, but Wisconsin’s faith communities are finding new (and old) ways to connect, even when physical gathering is prohibited.

This Court has routinely rejected positions that are unsupported by the evidence. *Podoll v. Smith*, 11 Wis. 2d 583, 587, 106 N.W.2d 332, 334 (1960) (rejecting a jury reduction of a damage award because no record support for that decision in the evidence); *Plautz v. Kubasta*, 237 Wis. 198, 295 N.W. 667, 670 (1941) (reversing a jury verdict because plaintiff’s counsel made assertions “without any evidence in the record to support the argument[.]”); *State v. Pulizzano*, 155 Wis. 2d 633, 658, 456 N.W.2d 325, 336 (1990) (affirming the decision to

remand for a new trial, “We conclude that the prosecutor’s argument in closing was improper, however, because it was unsupported by expert testimony.”). The Legislature’s assertion of the impact of these Safer at Home orders on Wisconsin’s religious communities is as baseless as other unsupported assertions that this Court has routinely rejected. It should do so again here.

III. THE 1918 PANDEMIC PROVIDES PRECEDENTIAL GUIDANCE ON IMPACT OF SOCIAL DISTANCING IN TIMES OF HEALTH CRISES.⁶

The 1918 H1N1 flu pandemic, also known as the Spanish Flu, occurred globally across three waves over the course of a year.⁷ Parallels between COVID-19 and the 1918 pandemic in Wisconsin are striking, including that there were “leaders who questioned the wisdom of closing churches in a time of crisis.”⁸

⁶ This section takes liberally and quotes from *The Virus That Shut Down Wisconsin: The Great Flu Pandemic of 1918: A Wisconsin Magazine Of History Article From 2000 Recounts State And Local Responses To A Global Health Crisis*, Steven B. Burg (April 7, 2020), available at <https://www.wiscontext.org/virus-shut-down-wisconsin-great-flu-pandemic-1918> (hereafter Burg, *Pandemic of 1918*). WFSVJ encourages the Court to read the entire article, which is the basis for this section.

⁷ <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/pandemic-resources/1918-commemoration/pandemic-timeline-1918.htm>.

⁸ Burg, *Pandemic of 1918*.

On March 31, 1876, the Wisconsin legislature created the State Board of Health (a DHS forerunner), a seven-physician panel responsible for “general supervision of the interest of the health and life of the citizens of the state,” making Wisconsin the tenth state in the nation with such a board, the first having been put in place in 1869 by Massachusetts. The legislature also granted the board unusually broad powers, allowing it to impose statewide quarantines unilaterally in times of public health emergencies as well as to issue “rules and regulations for the protection of the public health.”⁹

On October 10, 1918, the deteriorating situation involving Spanish Flu statewide led Dr. Harper of the Board to take the drastic step of ordering all public institutions closed. This followed a recommendation issued by U.S. Surgeon General suggesting that public health officers might consider closing public institutions should local conditions warrant such action; but nowhere except in Wisconsin was such an order issued statewide or in such a comprehensive fashion.¹⁰

⁹ *Id.*

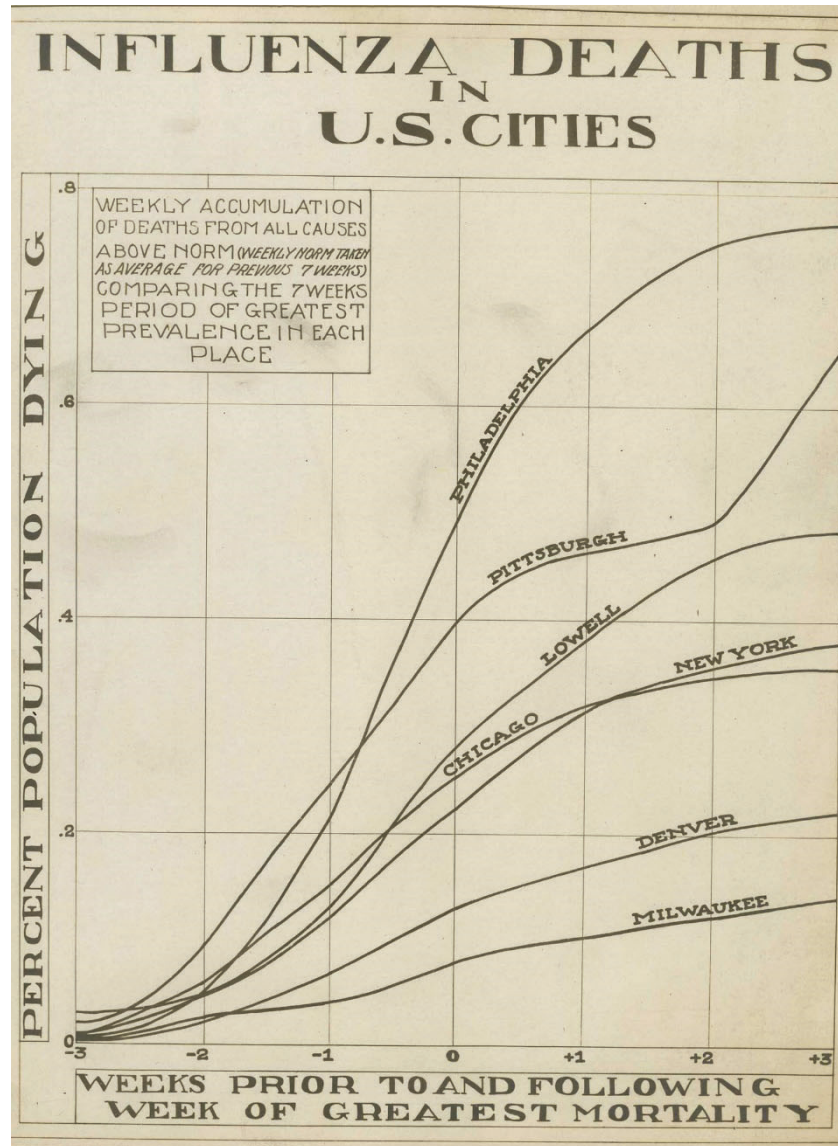
¹⁰ *Id.*

It was ordered “to immediately close all schools, theaters, moving picture houses, other places of amusement and public gatherings for an indefinite period of time.” Very quickly, virtually all local government in Wisconsin cooperated and put the order into effect.¹¹

For almost three months, isolation rather than socialization became the norm. That emergency order worked. As the chart below shows. Milwaukee suffered significantly less than other large cities did.¹² We can only hope and pray that under the Order, Wisconsin will again have such a good result:

¹¹ *Id.*

¹² *Id.*



As the epidemic of 1918 began to subside, the State Board of Health reported a “remarkable fact worth mentioning and one which is greatly to the credit of our citizens,” namely that “practically everyone complied with the closing orders to the best of his ability.” The Milwaukee Health Department had similar plaudits for that city’s residents, stating that among the factors that helped give Milwaukee one of the lowest death

rates of all cities of its size was “the readiness of the public to comply with regulatory measures.” The article concludes that “There can be no doubt that compliance spelled the difference between life and death for hundreds, perhaps thousands, of Wisconsin citizens.” “The question is not whether we will ever again face a medical crisis like that of 1918, but how we as a society will respond when it occurs.”¹³

Today, for the coronavirus pandemic, the Wisconsin faith community has stepped to the plate. The evidence set forth in the Appendix is compelling. The Order needs to be affirmed, supported and obeyed, as there is nothing more precious than human life. The article, written in 2000, concludes with these prescient words: “In an age of apathy, cynicism, and individualism, it is worth reflecting long and hard that voluntarism, public cooperation, and an activist government prevented the worst public health calamity in modern Wisconsin history from being much, much worse.”¹⁴

The filing by the Legislature in this Court to immediately block the Order is the antithesis of the historic Wisconsin idea – government exists to solve problems, and

¹³ *Id.*

¹⁴ *Id.*

improve the health and quality of life for all citizens of this state.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the WFVJ respectfully requests that this Court decline original jurisdiction, and/or deny the motion for temporary injunction.

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CERTIFICATION AS TO FORM AND LENGTH

I hereby certify that this brief conforms to the rules for form and length contained in Wis. Stats. § 809.19(8)(b) and this Court's April 21, 2020 Order, Part 2, for a brief and appendix produced with a proportional serif font. The length of this brief is 4,034 words, as counted by the "word count" feature in Microsoft Word 2010.

Dated this 29th day of April, 2020.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH RULE
809.19(12)

I hereby certify that I have submitted an electronic copy of this brief which complies with the requirements of Wis. Stat. 809.19(12). I further certify that this electronic brief is identical in content and format to the printed form of the brief filed as of this date. A copy of this certificate has been served with the paper copies of the brief filed with the court and served on all opposing parties.

Dated this 29th day of April, 2020.

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I certify that on April 29, 2020, I caused three true and correct copies of the foregoing to be served on counsel as indicated below:

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